

The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 295, Vol. VI.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1875.

[Price 6d.]

Cromwell Advertisements

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises.
At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

DRAPERY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in a position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage, and, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffee, from the pure bean, ground on the premises
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands
Sugars: crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf
Bacon, Cheese, Butter: weekly supplies from the best dairies
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles

Candles: best brands
Soap: treble crown, blue mottled, household, scented in bars, cakes, and boxes
Vestas, by approved makers
Salt: table, fine, and coarse
Raisins: Muscats, Sultanas, and Elemes
Oils: salad, castor, and kerosene
Sauces: Lea and Perrins, Mushroom, Nabob, and assorted

TOBACCOS.

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior
Cameron's celebrated brands—Havelock, Golden Bar, Venus tens
Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tinners and boxes.

Water Lily, Over the Water, navy sixes
Cut Tobaccos, in pound, half-pound, and quarter-pound tins, and in bulk.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Brandies: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martell's, in bulk and case
Whiskies: Old Glenury, J. & J., Longjohn's, in bulk and case
Rum: Lemon Hart's
Port: Fine old Offley's, six grape
Sherry: Gonzalez, six diamond
Gin: J. & K. Z. Geneva, Nectar, and Kammell
Old Tom: Burnett's, Bernard's
Claret: St. Julian's

Moselle: No. 2
Hock: Gold Leaf
Ginger Wine, in bulk and case
Ales: Tennent's, Younger's, and Colonial.
Porter: Blood's, Byas's, Guinness's, and Colonial
Cordials: assorted
Sarsaparilla: Singleton, Townsend's
Bitters: Selner's, Stoughton's

IRONMONGERY STOCK consists of

Blasting powder and fuse
Gunpowder, caps, and shot
Long and short handled shovels
Spades, sluice forks
Picks and pickhandles
Gold dishes, hose-pipes
Drills and drilling hammers
Manilla and flax ropes
White lead, castor, boiled, and colza oils
Galvanised and corrugated iron
Stoves and piping

Billies and pannikins
Tea-kettles, iron and tin
Galvanised iron buckets and tubs
Iron boilers
Enamelled and tinned stew and saucepans
Axes and axe-handles
Nails, cut and wrought
Tacks, clout and American cut
Garden rakes, hoes, and spades
Cutlery, a large assortment
Carpenters' tools of every description.

CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.

HOLT'S SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.

DRAPERY & CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suits: silk-mixture, Galates, Paget, and Boys' do.
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk-mixed, tweed, doeskin
Shirts: white dress, crimeans, scotch twill, tweed
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton
Hosiery and hats

Dress materials: wineceys, French merinos, all-wool plaids, prints
Flannels; Calicos, bleached and unbleached
Blankets, rugs, quilts
Table-covers, bed and toilet-covers.
Cocoa and felt matting
Hessian, bed-ticking, carpets
Top, waterproof, and tweed coats; etc., etc.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Boots: men's elastic-sided, watertights, half-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boots
Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.
N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

CROCKERYWARE.

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket
China, glass, and earthenware goods of every description

FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.

FANCY GOODS.

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerschaum and briar pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; perfumery.

COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Butel Bros.' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of six miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

SWAN BREWERY, CROMWELL.

G. W. GOODGER, Proprietor.

The Proprietor is now prepared to supply his unrivalled XXXX ALES in any quantity, delivered throughout the District.

Orders left at the Commercial Hotel, Cromwell, or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

G. W. GOODGER

VICTORIA HOTEL, CROMWELL.

JAMES STUART,

(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Bannockburn.)

Begs to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by keeping the best Wines and Spirits, to merit a share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior stone stabling in course of erection.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Courthouse

Cromwell Advertisements

IMPORTANT NOTICE

I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, LAWRENCE, DUNEDIN, & MELBOURNE.

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Having just removed into our NEW PREMISES, in respectfully thanking the Public for their past support, and soliciting a continuance of their patronage, we beg to assure them that our object in future will be, in order to meet the increasing demand, to keep much larger and better-assorted stock of

DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS, & GENERAL GOODS

than hitherto,—the best, in fact, ever seen out of Dunedin,—which we will sell at prices that will defy competition. Our motto will strictly be

"SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS."

We beg specially to draw attention to our splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS.

Comprising Silks, Poplins, Repps, Twills, Mohair, Merinos, Llamas, Batistes, Prints, Wineceys, Gingham, Alpaca, Lustres, &c. (We can offer some really good Bargains in the above line.)

Also, Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, latest style, just received from Melbourne.

Our Stock of

UNDERLINEN, CALICOES, BLANKETS, &c. &c.,

Will be found to comprise every quality, and are on sale at extremely low figures.

OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is stocked entirely from our DUNEDIN CLOTHING FACTORY.

THE BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT

Includes every description of Men's, Women's, and Children's Boots, of all qualities and prices.

A large supply of WHEAT, OATS, BRAN, & POLLARD, always on hand.

Being the only authorised agents for

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN'S BRUNSWICK FLOUR MILLS, LAKE WAKATIPU,

We are prepared to supply their best Silk-dressed Flour, guaranteed equal to Adelaide.

GROCERIES, WINES, SPIRITS, & PROVISIONS.

IRONMONGERY & CROCKERY.

TIMBER AND BUILDING MATERIALS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

PAPERHANGINGS, OILS, & PAINTS.

GRINDERY AND SADDLERY.

PATENT MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

We beg to invite the Public to come and inspect the premises and Stock, and judge for themselves.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

WHOLESALE, RETAIL, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,

MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL.

Cromwell

BELFAST STORE,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-
WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,
&c. &c. &c.**JAMES HAZLETT**

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened **EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL**, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Run-holders, Farmers, and Private Families, with **EVERY CLASS OF GOODS**, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the **FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS** he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs **WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS**, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a **CASH-BUYER** in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.**WILLIAM TAYLOR,**
BOOTMAKER,

MELMORE STREET ... CROMWELL

Has a large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes on hand, of the best quality.

An inspection of the stock is invited.

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and most approved fashion.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

PRICES MODERATE.

**FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,**
(Wholesale and Retail).**JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.**

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

*Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

**CROMWELL BUTCHERY**
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL).**OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.**

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

GREAT BARGAINS
GREAT BARGAINS!

Just Received,

An assortment of first-class Silver Hunting LEVER WATCHES,
By the best London makers—all warranted.

ALSO,

Fine Lot of JEWELLERY and CLOCKS.
Inspection invited.

E. MURRELL,
Watchmaker, Cromwell.**NOTICE.****COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!**

The Cromwell Coal Works will in future be carried on by **WILLIAMS & HAYES**, who have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants of the Cromwell District to their New Seam of Coal, which is far superior to any hitherto obtained in the same works, or in any other portion of the District. They therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed, with the conviction that that patronage will be deserved.

All orders entrusted to us will be attended to at once, and on the shortest notice, as we intend to keep a good supply of coals at the pit-mouth. Coals delivered anywhere, either in or out of the district; and lowest cartage prices charged.

20s. per ton at the Works.

32s. " delivered.

16 bags to the ton.

WILLIAMS & HAYES,
Coal Works, Cromwell.

Cromwell

CHEAP HOUSE, CROMWELL,

(OPPOSITE COUNCIL CHAMBERS).

J. SOLOMON,

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE

CHEAP DRAPER AND CLOTHIER.

J. S., in thanking the residents of Cromwell and surrounding districts for their valuable support since he established in the district, begs to assure all that he intends keeping up the name he has made, of being

THE CHEAPEST DRAPER AND CLOTHIER IN CROMWELL!

Don't forget **J. S.** was the first to bring down the prices of Drapery, Clothing, Boots, &c., and, with a fair share of support, he is determined to keep them down, and Sell Cheaper than any other house in Cromwell.

Come Early, and See the Largest, Best Assorted, and Cheapest Stock in Cromwell, now being displayed at **J. SOLOMON'S NEW PREMISES.**

DRAPERY, MILLINERY, &c.

Ladies', Maids', and Children's Drapery and Clothing of every description.

Splendid Assortment of Ladies' Polonaises, Dresses, made up and in the piece, in every variety of shade and texture.

New Stock of Silk Dresses, Silk and Velvet Jackets; large Stock of Hats, trimmed and untrimmed.

Calicoes, Winceys, Flannels, Hollands, Linens, Blankets, Tweeds, Lustres, Persian and Russell Cords, Handkerchiefs, Merinos, Stays, Underclothing, Waterproofs, Cotton and Woollen Hosiery.

Handsome Stock of Carpets.

Beautiful goods in Ruffles, Laces, Collars and Cuffs, Silk Scarfs, and Silk Bows.

Alloa and Fingering Yarns.

THE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Comprises Men's, Youth's, and Boys' Clothing of every variety in color and quality.

Crimean Shirts, Flannel Undershirts, Boys' and Youths' Shirts.

Mens', Youths', and Boys' Hats and Caps.

Mens', Youths', and Boys' Half-hose, in Merino, Cotton, and Wool. Lamb's wool Ribbed Pants, Plaiding Pants, Waterproof Coats.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Ladies' and Children's, Men's, Youths' and Boys—the Best Stock in Cromwell.

Fancy Goods and Patent Medicines.

Jewelry, Saddlery, Crockery and Glassware.

J. S.'s motto has been, from the first day he opened, to

SELL CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN CROMWELL,

and he intends sticking to the original motto, and

NO HUMBUG!**J. SOLOMON,****CHEAP HOUSE, MELMORE TERRACE**

Bannockburn

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,
QUARTZVILLE.**CHARLES PEAKE,**
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMONIOUS BILLIARD ROOM,
fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE,
with careful groom always in attendance.

183 **CHARLES PEAKE.****BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD**
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.**JAMES TAYLOR,**

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,
BEGS to inform the Residents of **BANNOCKBURN**, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of **TIMBER** and **IRON** for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,

(On the Main Road to the New).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.P.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS PROPRIETOR.

Bannockburn.

ADAMS'S FULLY COAL-PIT,
BANNOCKBURN.**GEORGE COCKBURN**

Begs to inform the Inhabitants of the Cromwell and Bannockburn Districts that he has opened a Coal-Pit as above, and is prepared to supply Coal of first-class quality and in any quantity at lowest current rates.

Large consumers contracted with on reasonable terms.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND,
General**BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,**

Begs to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that he has removed to **QUARTZVILLE**,

where he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of the public patronage.

Cromwell.

FRANCIS SANSON,**SADDLER & HARNESS-MAKER,**

Melmore Street, Cromwell,

(Next door to Marsh's Bridge Hotel.)

Every description of work carefully and expeditiously executed.

GOLDEN AGE
LIVERY & BAIT
STABLES.**THOMAS GILMOUR,**

Having leased the Stabling in connection with the Golden Age Hotel, Cromwell, begs to assure travellers and others that every attention and care will be paid to horses entrusted to him.

Saddle Horses always on Hire.

Horses well and carefully Broken to Saddle and Harness.

GOLDEN AGE STABLES,

Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

Cromwell

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD
LATE MR GRANT'S
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD.**JAMES TAYLOR,**

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Materials suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest PRICES compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope,

SADDLERY, &c., cheap.**THE CROMWELL BAKERY****J. SCOTT,****BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,**

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

K. PRETSHOH,
CROMWELL,**COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,**
PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

NOTICE.**BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.****WILLIAM HOWE,**

Begs to intimate to the public of Cromwell and surrounding Districts that he has begun business as Boot and Shoe Maker in the premises lately erected by him two doors above Mr Baird's residence, Upper Melmore Street, Cromwell.

Having had a long experience in the trade, **W. H.** is confident that he will give every satisfaction to those who may entrust him with their orders.

Good stock of Boots and Shoes always on hand at reasonable prices.

Repairs neatly and cheaply executed.

Note the address:—Upper Melmore Street.

THOMAS FOOTE,**TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,**

MELMORE TERRACE,

CROMWELL.

Choice Selection of Tweeds on hand.

HENRICH BEHRENS,

having purchased from Mr La Fontaine the business lately carried on by him in Cromwell as

WHEELWRIGHT AND COACH-BUILDER,

Begs to announce that he will carry on the same as before, in the premises opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

Good work guaranteed; and prices moderate.

Repairs promptly executed.

REMOVAL.**CROMWELL APOTHECARIES**

HALL removed to

Mr J. SOLOMON'S former Premises,

Next the Golden Age Hotel.

MAX GALL,

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST
Prescriptions accurately prepared.

Dealer in Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Stationery, Tobacco and Cigars.

NEWS AGENT & BOOKSELLER.

M. G. is happy to be able to state that, business having greatly increased, prices for medicines will in future be considerably reduced from former rates.

Cromwell.

NEW
WINTER DRAPERY!
AT
W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

60 CASES CONTAINING **60 CASES**
THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHION-
ABLE GOODS
To be obtained in Dunedin, and personally
selected with great care for this market.

ALL
NEW
GOODS.
Fancy Dresses—Silk Repps,
Poplins, Merinos, Plaids,
Aberdeen Winceys, Silk
Winceys
Coloured and Black Silks.

Double-breasted Jackets,—in velvet, beaver,
Elegantly trimmed cloth and sealskin
Plain and Reversible Shawls.

LATEST
FASHIONS
Costumes—in homespun, black
repp, French cloth, Melton,
and wincey.

CHOICE
AND
NEW.
Trimmed Hats, Feathers,
Flowers, Ribbons, and Or-
naments
Satin Hoods and Hats
Woolen and Lace Goods—
splendid assortment.

TWO BALES.
100 Pairs.
Blankets in all sizes—white,
scarlet, blue, grey, and Mos-
giel
Rugs of all descriptions.

VERY
CHEAP.
White Flannel—30 pieces
Twilled Flannel—all colours.

MADE
TO
ORDER.
Men's, Youths', and Boys'
double and single-breasted
Suits—in Nelson, Geelong,
Colonial, & Mosgiel tweeds
Trousers, Trousers and Vests
White and colored Moles.

Large Sizes.
Shirts—Crimean, tweed, and
plaid
Flannel Shirts.

Extra Heavy.
Knitted Pants, Mosgiel Pants,
Flannel Pants—24 doz.
Aberdeen Socks—100 doz.

NEWEST
STYLES.
Hats in all shapes—black and
colored felts
Dress Shirts, Ties, Scarfs, and
Collars
Men's Hosiery—a large stock.

MADE
TO
ORDER.
Ladies' and Children's kid and
leather Boots
Boys' and Youths' E.S. and
nailed Boots
Men's E.S., water-tight, and
shooting Boots—best Colo-
nial make.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
WILL BE OFFERED
FOR SIX WEEKS,

As £1000 must be realised in that time.

W. TALBOYS,
LONDON HOUSE,
MELMORE-ST., CROMWELL.

Cromwell.

A U C T I O N E E R.
CHARLES COLCLOUGH,
Having commenced business as Auctioneer,
now prepared to
UNDERTAKE ANY SALES
with which he may be favored.
General Mining and Commission Agency Office,
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

MESSRS W. J. BARRY & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS, &c.,
QUEENSTOWN,
Have appointed Mr GEORGE JENOUR as
their AGENT for Cromwell and surrounding
Districts, who will give immediate attention to
every instruction for sales with which he may
be favored.
Sales conducted with punctuality and at lowest
rates of commission.

I M P O R T A N T
NOTICE
TO
MINING COMPANIES & OTHERS.

E. A. JOLLY & CO.
Have on hand and for sale a quantity of
LITHOFRAC T U R.
for blasting purposes.

The merits of this new explosive agent have
now been thoroughly tested, and it is acknow-
ledged to have no equal for effectiveness and
labor-saving qualities.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,
Cromwell.

E L I G I B L E INVESTMENT.
For Sale by Private Bargain.

In consequence of ill health, Mr H. BEHRENS
has determined to dispose of his WHEEL-
WRIGHT and TURNERY BUSINESS in
Cromwell; together with Tools, Timber, and
Stock generally. To a steady workman, this is
an opening which seldom occurs.

Also, adjoining above, comfortable COT-
TAGE, with furniture and everything necessary
and convenient in a home.

For particulars, apply to
JAMES MARSHALL,
Agent, Cromwell.

EDWARD ALDRIDGE,
FARRIER,
BLACKSMITH, and MACHINIST,
(late of Clyde).

Has started business in the above line in the
premises lately occupied by J. V. THOMSON, in
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell. From his long
experience in the District, and is well-known
habit of promptly executing all orders entrusted
to him, he confidently hopes to receive a share
of public patronage.

N.B.—A large stock of Horse and Cattle
Medicines and Drugs on hand.

Ornamental Gates and Palisading, suitable for
Cemeteries, public or private fences, made to
any pattern.

Horses shod on the Goodenough or Carlier
principle.

EDWARD ALDRIDGE
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

CROMWELL
VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,
Next door to
KIDD'S CROMWELL HOTEL.

ROBERT WISHART,
General Blacksmith, Farrier, Machinist, &c.,
Begg to intimate to the public that he has pur-
chased the business from Mr EDWARD LINDSAY,
as Farrier and Blacksmith, and hopes by paying
strict attention to business, and turning out good
substantial work of all kinds, guaranteed, to
merit a continuance of public support.

R. W. begs to intimate to the public generally
that he has purchased the CAST-IRON BRD for
TIRING WHEELS from Mr LINDSAY, being the
first introduced up-country; and in this branch
he will guarantee to give every satisfaction.

Horses shod on the latest and most approved
principle.

Light Shoes : : : 12s.
Draught do. : : : 17s.

R. W I S H A R T,
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

Miscellaneous.

BANNOCKBURN COAL-PIT
BELL & SMITH,
Having purchased the interest of Mr J. KANE
in the above-named Pit, beg to intimate that
they will carry on business as Coal Merchants
under the above style.
The coal from this Pit is admitted to be the
best quality produced in the District, and by
selling at the lowest current rates, the proprie-
tors hope to receive a continuance of the support
they have hitherto been accorded.
Orders punctually attended to.

ALBION HOTEL AND STORE
LUGGATE,
28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to
Lake Wanaka).
H. MAIDMAN Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accom-
modation for the comfort and convenience of
travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery,
Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at
Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.
N.B.—District Post Office.

ALBERT HOTEL,
STORE, & POST-OFFICE,
ALBERT TOWN.

H. NORMAN

Begg to intimate that he has made very exten-
sive improvements in the above old establish-
ment, and can now offer unrivalled accommoda-
tion, both for man and horse.

A large stock of GENERAL STORES & DRAPERY
always on hand.

Old acquaintances will please remember
that they can still make themselves perfectly at
home at

H. NORMAN'S,
ALBERT TOWN.

MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,
ALEXANDRA.

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce
that they are prepared to supply their
SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free of cartage within twenty
miles.

Orders left with
Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;
Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;
or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

THEYERS AND BECK,
BREWERS,
ALEXANDRA.

NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on
MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this
date.
I. LOUGHNAN.
Mount Pisa, 12th May, 1870.

S L E S I N G E R S'
RHEUMATIC BALSAM.

The greatest discovery ever yet made for the
relief of human sufferers from
MUSCULAR OR NERVOUS AFFECTION

IS
SLESINGER'S
RHEUMATIC BALSAM.

Of all the advertised remedies and all the pre-
scriptions from the medical faculty for the
cure of

Rheumatism
Rheumatic Gout
Sciatica
Tic Doloreux
Neuralgia
Lumbago
Strains & Sprains

Or in of any sort from the above affections,
none have been so successful and effectual as

SLESINGER'S
RHEUMATIC BALSAM.

As certified by the certificates published in the
Otago Daily Times, Guardian, and innumerable
others.

Price, 7s6d per bottle, which is sufficient to
cure in all cases.

S. SLESINGER, V.S.,
Trove-street, Dunedin.

Sole agents for New Zealand :—
KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER, & Co.

Sorry He Wasn't There.

I have referred in my book to that coroner
of ours who seized an Egyptian mummy that
was brought into town, summoned a jury,
held an inquest on the mummy, brought in
a verdict of "Death from causes unknown,"
and charged the county with the usual fee,
with compound interest from the time of
Moses. Well, that coroner is still in office,
and he is still enthusiastic about his profes-
sion. Last Sunday night he was at church.
The minister preached a very solemn sermon
upon Noah's flood, and after it was over I
met the coroner in the aisle, and said to
him: "Very impressive discourse, wasn't it,
Mr Wheeler?"

"Beautiful, sir, beautiful!" replied Mr
Wheeler; "and yet it seemed to be kinder
mournful, too."

"Indeed! Why, it didn't strike me in
that way. It was solemn, of course; but its
tendency certainly should be to fill the heart
of every truly good man with cheerfulness
and hope."

"Oh! I know all that," said Wheeler;
"but didn't he say that there were several
million people drowned in that flood?"

"I believe he did."

"Well, then, I say that, when I think of
all that mortality, and remember that I
wasn't coroner then, and ain't likely to be
when there's another such a freshet, it makes
me sick. There ain't nothing cheerful about
such reflections. I feel as if I hadn't been
treated right; as if I'd been robbed."—Max
Adeler.

The law of libel as written in the testimony
of the suits against the *Chicago Times* will
form an interesting chapter in American
jurisprudence. For defaming a young lady's
character, the damages assessed against the
Times was 25,000dols; for calling a lawyer a
shyster, 500dols; for calling a railway mag-
nate "a public robber," 100dols; for de-
nouncing an alderman as a jail-bird, not one
cent.

Cromwell.



N O T I C E.

The following are the days appointed for hold-
ing the Resident Magistrate's and Warden's
Courts for the Quarter ending the 31st of Sep-
tember, 1875, for the Dunstan division of the
Otago Goldfields District :—

CLYDE—every **THURSDAY.**
CROMWELL—every **FRIDAY.**
ALEXANDRA—**MONDAY**, July 5, 19;
August 2, 16, 30;
September 13, 27.
ROXBURGH—**TUESDAY**, July 27;
August 24;
September 21.
BLACKS—**TUESDAY**, July 6;
August 3, 31;
September 23.

The Warden's Office, Roxburgh, having been
appointed a Land Office for the District of
Clyde, on the days above-named, and immedi-
ately after the sitting of the Court, the District
Land Officer will receive applications under the
Waste Lands Act within the Land District of
Clyde.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,
Warden and R.M.

COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!
NEWCASTLE PIT.

WILSON and **CHAALTON**, having opened
the Coal Pit known as **PLACERETS**, are prepared
to supply **COALS** of superior quality at the
lowest rate.

We have appointed Mr **DRURY** our Agent,
whose receipt for moneys paid shall be binding
on us.

JAMES WILSON
JOHN CHARLTON.
Witness:
EDWD. A. DRURY.

F O R S A L E.

That dd-established and flourishing
business,
THE SHAMROCK HOTEL,
AND GENERAL
STORE, BUTCHERY, & BAKERY,
N E V I S,
Together with all Buildings, Stock-in-Trade,
Furniture, etc.

For further particulars, apply at **STARKEY'S**
Kawarau Hotel, Cromwell, to

DANIEL SCALLY.

Satisfactory reasons given for Selling.

EUREKA GOLD MINING COMPANY.

The Fifth Call of One Pound per Share will be due and payable to me on July 17th.

JOHN MARSH,
Secretary.

BENDIGO DEEP LEVEL Q.M. CO., REGISTERED.

A Call of One Halfpenny per Share has been made payable at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on Wednesday, July 14.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

HEART OF OAK Q.M. COMPANY, REGISTERED.

A Call of 1s 6d per Share has been made payable at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on Wednesday, July 14.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

CARRICK RANGE WATER SUPPLY CO., REGISTERED.

The Half-Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on WEDNESDAY, 21st inst., at 7 p.m.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

HEART OF OAK Q.M. COMPANY, REGISTERED.

The Half-Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on THURSDAY, 22nd inst., at 7 p.m.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

BENDIGO DEEP LEVEL Q.M. CO., LIMITED.

The Half-Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on MONDAY, July 19, at 7 p.m.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

STAR OF THE EAST Q.M. COMPANY, REGISTERED.

The Half-Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on TUESDAY, July 20, at 7 p.m.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

PERSEVERANCE Q.M. COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given that a Call of 2s. per share has been made in the above Company, and the same will be payable at the Manager's Office, Cromwell, on Wednesday, July 14, 1875.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Manager.

CARRICK RANGE UNITED COMPANY.

An adjourned Meeting will be held at Peake's Hotel, Quartzville, on Saturday, July 10th, at 6 o'clock p.m.

R. S. THOMASON,
Secretary.

ROBERT BRUCE LODGE, I. O. G. T.

The Members of the above Lodge are requested to attend the Meeting of the 17th inst. Business of importance.

ED. BARNES, W.C.T.

A.O.F. COURT ROYAL OAK OF KAWARAU, No. 4929.

Summoned Meeting on SATURDAY, the 10th of July. Business: Election of Officers.

By order.

CHARLES KOCH,
Secretary.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.

A Rare Investment.

Owing to the ill health of the Proprietor, he has determined to Dispose of his interest (ONE-THIRD) in that valuable mining property, the CROWN AND CROSS Quartz Mining Claim, Carrick Range. Also, a Two-roomed Cottage at Quartzville.

Price moderate; terms easy. Apply for particulars to

JAMES MARSHALL,
Mining Agent, Cromwell;

Or to D. COTTON,
On the ground.

WANTED, a competent QUARTZ MINER, thoroughly experienced in timbering. Highest wages given.

Apply Manager Nugget and Cornish Company, Skippers.

£1 REWARD.

LOST, about last Christmas, one Light Bay Colt, unbranded. Last seen near the Lowburn Creek. The above reward will be paid to anyone delivering the same to Mr OWEN PIERCE, Cromwell.

EVAN ROBERTS.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, have appointed Mr G. JENOUR our AGENT, and his receipt for accounts paid shall be binding on us.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS
JOHN HAYES.

Cromwell, 14th June, 1875.

MISSING FRIEND.

JOHN LAWSON, of Peebleshire, Scotland, a Shepherd by occupation, last heard of on Mount Pisa Station, is requested to communicate with the undersigned. Any tidings of him will be thankfully received.

J. M. E.,
Box 103, Post Office, Dunedin.

TO LET.

TO SADDLERS.

To Let,—the Saddler's Shop next the Bridge Hotel. Immediate possession.

Also,—Four-roomed Cottage to Let.

Apply to JOHN MARSH,
Bridge Hotel.

TOWN OF CROMWELL.

CITIZENS' ROLL—Year 1875-6.

Notice is hereby given that the above Roll, in manuscript, may be inspected at the Town Clerk's office.

All Citizens who, owing to non payment of rates in due time, have been excluded from the Roll, or may from any cause have been omitted, can pay their rates and lodge with the Council written claims for admission to the Roll on or before the 3rd July. Objections to names already enrolled must be similarly lodged on or before the 5th July, at noon. A Revision Court for hearing and determining such claims and objections will sit at the Council Chamber, on THURSDAY, the 15th July, 1875.

Blank forms of Claims may be had at my office.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

Unreserved Sale by Auction.

In the Estate of G. B. WILLIAMSON.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH is favored with instructions from the Trustees in the above Estate to sell without the slightest reserve, on SATURDAY, 10th July, at 11 a.m. sharp:

That comfortable Roadside Inn, known as the
ROARING MEG HOTEL,
together with
Garden, Out-houses, and STABLES thereto belonging
The Stock of Wines, Spirits, etc., now upon the Premises
Household Furniture, consisting of every requisite for a Hotel, including Beds, Bedding, etc.

A lot of Farming Implements, including
2 drays, Chaffcutter, etc.

2 fenced-in paddocks

Quantity of Straw, Potatoes, etc.

2 HORSES

18 very superior DAIRY COWS

30 Pigs, Lot of Fowls, etc.

Also,

Fluming across the Kawarau River
Water Race, and
Two Mining Claims.

No Reserve. Terms at sale

Remember:

SATURDAY, 10th JULY,
at 11 o'clock sharp.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Auctioneer.

CORPORATION OF CROMWELL.**NOMINATION FOR MAYOR.**

Public Notice is hereby given that Nominations for the Office of MAYOR for the ensuing Municipal Year will be received by the Town Clerk at his office on or before SATURDAY, 17th July instant, at noon.

On said SATURDAY, 17th July instant, at Noon, at the Council Chamber, the Nominations so received will be publicly opened and read by the Town Clerk; when, if there be one nomination only, the person so nominated will be declared duly elected; but, should there be more than one nomination, further proceedings will be adjourned until WEDNESDAY, the 21st July instant, when an ELECTION from amongst those nominated will be held within the several Wards of the Town.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB.**ANNUAL MEETING OF MEMBERS.**

The Annual Meeting of the above Club will be held at Mr HERON'S White Hart Hotel, on MONDAY, 12th July instant, at 7 p.m. sharp.

Business: Election of Officers and other business.

GEORGE JENOUR,
Secretary.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

in the Estate of

G. B. WILLIAMSON, Raring Meg.

A Meeting of Creditors will be held in Goodger's Hotel, Cromwell, on THURSDAY, 8th instant (to-morrow), at 1 o'clock p.m.

By order of the Trustees.

BANNOCKBURN PUBLIC LIBRARY

A General Meeting of Subscribers to the Bannockburn Public Library will be held on FRIDAY, the 9th inst. The Meeting will take place in the Schoolroom, and commence at 8 p.m. sharp. Subscribers are particularly requested to attend, as business of importance will be laid before the meeting.

W. A. PATERSON,
Secretary and Librarian.

CROMWELL KILWINNING LODGE (S.C.)

An Emergency Meeting will be held this Evening, July 7.

By order of the R.W.M.

MAYORAL ELECTION. TO THE RATEPAYERS.

I beg to notify that it is my intention to seek the honor of RE-ELECTION to the office of MAYOR OF CROMWELL, for the ensuing Municipal Year.

DAVID A. JOLLY.

BIRTH.

On the 4th instant, at Cromwell Schoolhouse, Mrs D. DOD, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

At Ivercargill, by special license, JOHN BOWDEN AKE, Esq., J.P., Switzers, Otago, to ISABELA, eldest daughter of John Burns, Esq., Halls Edinburgh.

Cromwell Argus, AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1875.

In discussing local politics it has always been our aim, whilst freely and sometimes adversely criticising their actions, to on the whole support and strengthen the hands of the Mayor and Town Council for the time being. Many good reasons could be adduced for this course, but it is sufficient to state in support of it that to pursue any other policy with a body which is elected for a fixed and definite period would only embarrass it in its dealings with the citizens, and lessen its influence with the Government and other municipal bodies. The Council is annually reconstituted, however, and thus once a year the burgesses are called upon to say whether it has fulfilled the duties for which it was elected; to point out the most important subjects for consideration during the ensuing year; and to elect a Council which will give effect to these considerations. The first thing to examine then is, whether the present Council has discharged the functions for which it was elected, and in doing so we have only to look back at the leading questions which came before it, and with which it was pledged to deal. Bearing these in mind, we

should like to hear an explanation of what really is the exact position of the water supply scheme—when will the work be commenced, when probably completed, and other particulars under this head. If the matter is all satisfactorily arranged, surely it were well that the taxpayers should have some assurance to that effect. Then we should like to hear some reasons why the abatement of the dust nuisance has never been undertaken. We have hunted up the fancy report adopted a long time ago, which concluded with a recommendation that "some energetic" steps should be taken in the matter, or the inhabitants of one part of the town would be forced to remove altogether. Have those energetic steps been taken, and in what direction has the Council been marching on this particular question? Again, no doubt citizens would like to know the reasons which induced the Council to sit for a whole year helpless in the matter of enforcing the bye-laws, which in themselves are excellent, and which, had they been enforced, would have saved the Council the expenditure of nearly the whole revenue of the town in the employment of scavengers. Some enlightenment might also be afforded on the Block IX. question—what has been done in that business, and in what position does it now stand? Some of the less pressing subjects, such as the planting of trees, the reclamation of the "Great Sahara," the general enforcement of the municipal rates, etc., etc., might also engage attention. We believe the present Council have honestly and faithfully tried to accomplish much in the face of many difficulties and discouragements. We say this, having watched their meetings, and having carefully noted the difficulties with which they had to contend. But we feel doubtful as to the public verdict, when we reflect that the citizens have not individually had the same opportunity of seeing their proceedings, and when we remember that not one single member of the Council appears to think it at all necessary that any explanation should be made to his constituents of the manner in which the affairs of the town have been conducted. Possibly our worthy Mayor, upon whom the duty devolves in a greater degree, he being the representative of the whole town, may yet see fit to call a meeting of the ratepayers and explain the position of affairs. He may rest assured that it is his duty to do so, and we feel certain that upon the whole the Council have no reason to fear the result of a public vote upon their last year's proceedings.

Candidates for election to the next year's Council will have to take different ground to the members of the present one. The latter can show some work for the past year, and in matters in which they have failed, they can at least show the difficulties they had to contend against. But the former have not this to fall back upon. There are certain questions upon which they must give no uncertain sound, and upon each of which they must speak as if the result depended entirely upon their opinions. We do hope that the citizens will insist upon any candidate plainly and straightforwardly expressing these opinions, and that no one will be elected simply upon the ground of his being an old resident or his general respectability. The citizens want their very best men in the Council,—men who have some ability, and who will do their duty looking to the best interests of the town, and quite independent of what effect it may have on their own particular business or circle of acquaintances.

Mr William Shanly, sometime merchant in Cromwell, has filed a declaration of insolvency in the District Court, Queenstown. Mr Finn is solicitor for the bankrupt.

The piano for the Athenæum Hall has arrived. It is pronounced by competent critics to be a splendid instrument—indeed, almost too fine in tone for the purposes to which it is intended to be set apart—public entertainments, concerts, &c.

Messrs Wilson and Charlton announce having opened their coal-pit, formerly known as Planchet's, on the Cromwell flat, and are now supplying coal in any quantity at the current rate of 2s. per bag, delivered. Speaking from experience, we may say that the article supplied by this firm is of a superior quality,—burns brightly and throws out a good heat. Mr Drury is appointed town agent for W. and C.

We are informed that an elderly man named Benjamin Nash has been missing from Cromwell for nearly a week, and from the surroundings it is feared he has met an untimely fate. The last that was seen of him was on the evening of this day week, when he started homeward somewhat under the influence of drink. He lived near Dawkins' slaughter-yard, Cromwell flat, and to arrive there would probably travel pretty close to the bank of the Kawarau. The surmise is that, what with the darkness of the night and his clouded intellect, Nash missed his way and fell into the river. The police are engaged making search into the matter.

The conductor of the *Arrow Observer* waxes wroth with us for what we conceive to be an imaginary wrong. It accuses us of "robbing" its columns of interesting matter, and indulges in impertinence when it refers to the proprietor of this journal. Perhaps this is more owing to youth and inexperience than intended insult on the part of the *Observer* manager. We are not aware of having extracted any original matter from our contemporary's columns without acknowledgment, and shall feel obliged if he points out an instance. Our thanks are due for the kind wish that some Arrowite would begin the "penny-a-liner" system to the ARGUS. But as we fortunately have not lost our Arrow correspondent—which no doubt will be subject of sincere regret to the *Observer*—we willingly forgo the kind services of penny-a-liners. The Arrow paper cannot afford to lose any of its contributors.

A letter signed "Lictor," from Queens-town, was received too late for this issue.

The quarterly meeting of the Bannock-burn and Carrick Range Miners' Association takes place to-night.

Attention is directed to a sale of valu-able property at Roaring Meg, on Saturday, under the hammer of Mr C. Colclough.

Subscriptions are being collected at St. Bathans for procuring a testimonial for presenta-tion to Sergeant John Morton, who has recently been transferred from that district to Arrow-town.

We understand that a lecture will be delivered shortly in the Athenaeum Hall by a gentleman of some local reputation, the proceeds to be devoted to the aid of the Kawarau Gorge school funds. The date of the lecture will be definitely advertised in our next issue, but will probably be either on the 15th or the 22nd cur-rent. When it does take place, we hope to see the hall crowded.

In a Dunedin paper the other day among the domestic notices is one that the wife of Mr Michael Fleming, otherwise known as the "Pink of Fashion" bootmaker, has presented him with a daughter. The happy "Pink" an-nounces "both doing well, and the father in ecstasies of delight." Such ingenuousness is quite refreshing now-a-days, and deserves the reward of a free advertisement.

By the courtesy of Inspector Moore, we are enabled to give the following statement of gold forwarded by Escort from Clyde to Dun-edin on Monday:—

	ozs.	dwt.
Queenstown	1658	5
Arrow	796	0
Cardrona	320	12
Cromwell	4186	19
Clyde	190	0
Alexandra	590	0
Teviot	774	0
Total	8515	16

Of the amount to credit of Cromwell nearly one-half is the product of the Cromwell Company's claim, Bendigo.

By many in the Lakes district will be remembered Mr R. S. Borne, the genial captain of the Invercargill team of cricketers who played against a Wakatip eleven the season before last. We notice that he died last week somewhat sud-denly. In the early part of the week he looked healthy and cheerful, as he was always wont to do, but on Friday he complained of a cold, and remained within doors. He did not leave his house afterwards, and he died of inflammation of the lungs, superinduced by a cold. Mr Borne was well known as an enthusiastic cricketer, was much respected by all who knew him, and was only thirty-seven years of age. He leaves a wife and family.

Considerable interest was manifested in the hearing of the second information in the case "Drury v. Aitchison," alleged libel. Not the least amusing feature in the proceedings was the muddle witnesses got into in identifying the acts as between the brothers Aitchison, who are twins, and remarkably alike in appearance. One was forcibly reminded of the Dromed's in the "Comedy of Errors," James and Simon some-times getting perplexingly "mixed." From our report it will be seen the issue of the charge hinged on the proof of signature, and although complainant brought forward pretty strong evi-dence, it was not considered conclusive enough. There is no room to doubt that Mr Drury had strong reasons for feeling aggrieved at the inen-does conveyed in the letters on which the actions were grounded; but it is perhaps best for all parties that the result is as it is. At all events, the defamed person has proved the falsity of the statements made regarding him, and we are glad of it.

The *Illustrated N. Z. Herald* is rapidly gaining popularity, and deservedly so, for its proprietor, Mr R. T. Wheeler, apparently spares no expense in rendering the paper attractive, both in a pictorial and literary respect. As a rule, the illustrations display considerable merit, faithfully portraying the scenes they represent. The number for the current month has reached us, and it is even above the ordinary average. A special attraction accompanies it as a supple-ment in the way of a really splendid view of Dunedin on a large scale, engraved on toned paper, and supplied with a key to the principal buildings. It is the finest work of the kind we have seen issued in the colonies, and a copy of it should be secured by all who are desirous of conveying to their Home friends a truthful re-presentation of the Otago capital. On the same scale and of equal ability, is a view of Newcastle, New South Wales. The price of the whole is 1s.—a very low price considering the special at-tractions accompanying the number.

The Ball in aid of the funds of the local Athenaeum, held on Wednesday evening last, was not so largely attended as expected; but nevertheless those present spent a very en-joyable night. The weather during the day was very miserable, and no doubt tended to keep away some intending visitors from a distance. Still, two or three couples from the neighboring town of Clyde faced the disagreeable elements, bent on enjoying themselves. Every provision was made by the stewards to provide for the comfort and convenience of their guests, and that they gave satisfaction was evidenced by the uni-versal praise accorded. The music was provided by the Cromwell Brass Band, under the leader-ship of Mr W. H. Whetter, and their perfor-mance showed a marked improvement on that of several similar occasions previously. Another season's assiduous practice, and the Clyde Band will have to look to its laurels, as the Cromwell one is evidently making dance music a speciality. The refreshment rooms were catered for and superintended by Mr Thomas Webb, of Clyde, and when this is mentioned it is sufficient to in-dicate that everything was *comme il faut*. The only matter for regret is that a larger party was not there to do justice to his endeavors. It is somewhat remarkable that the townspeople did not patronise the affair to the extent which the object in view merited, and the promoters have good cause to be disheartened at the compara-tively poor return awarded for their labor in a good cause.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUNEDIN.

TUESDAY, 7.50 p.m.

The quarterly sessions of the Supreme Court opened yesterday, before Judge John-ston. Sentences were passed as follows:—William Barnes, forgery at Naseby, three years; Samuel Storie, forgery at Dunedin, eighteen months; Michael Cooney, stealing from the person at Dunedin, four years; John Sullivan, robbery with violence at Dun-edin, six years; Francis Henderson, stealing from a hotel at Kensington, twelve months; Alfred Chorley, embezzlement at Oamaru, six months. No true bill was found in the case of Crossan (the celebrated Canterbury Cottage affair) at Dunedin, and he was dis-charged. To-day when the case of bigamy against Charlotte Schmid came on, prisoner pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment. Henry Williams, convicted of stealing from the person at Dun-edin, was sentenced to three years' penal servitude. John Riley, horse-stealing, was found guilty, with a recommendation to mercy, and was sentenced to three months' imprisonment. Walter Knight, assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm at Ote-popo, three months; Massei Antonio, found guilty of common assault, twelve months.

It appears from a remark dropped by the Judge in Court yesterday, that there is to be a great change in prison discipline shortly, and that prisoners will be a little more hard-ly dealt with than hitherto.

A young man named Robert Evans New-ton, employed at Sparrow's foundry, sus-tained injuries on Saturday morning, which, unfortunately, proved fatal. He was placing a board near the fly-wheel, when it got be-tween the spikes, and, catching him in the stomach, hurled him into the air. He was picked up insensible, and lingered in great agony at the Hospital until Sunday after-noon, when he expired.

A destructive fire occurred at Flexman's tannery, Kaikora, on Saturday night, about half-past eleven. The Fire Brigade turned out with promptness, but after getting pretty well up the steep hill leading to Kaikora, were told that it was only a bush fire, and returned to town. Meanwhile the fire raged furiously, doing damage estimated by Mr Flexman at £500 more than his insurance, £8000.

There was an extraordinarily high tide and terrific gale at some Northern ports last night. At Grahamstown there was a good deal of damage done.

The Tararua, with the English mail, ar-rived at the Bluff on the 3rd, but there is no news of importance beyond the statement that all Europe is profoundly agitated by ap-prehensions of war.

LATEST ITEMS.

The special correspondent of the *Star* tele-graphs as follows from Wellington this even-ing:—The *Tribune* announces that the Vogel Ministry resigned on Saturday. Dr Pollen was asked to form a new Executive, which he has done as follows:—Dr Pollen, Premier; Sir J. Vogel, Postmaster-General; Major Atkinson, Treasurer; Sir D. McLean and Messrs Richardson and Reynolds hold the same offices as formerly.

In Dunedin it is proposed to get up a celebration of the centenary of O'Connell, the great Irish Liberator.

At the Dunedin Magistrate's Court last week two milkmen were proceeded against for vending impure milk. In one case it was as-serted there was 25 per cent of water to the milk.

The *Mount Ida Chronicle* gives currency to the following telegram:—t Queenstown Warden Beetham's removal is being petitioned, in accordance with the recommendation of the Goldfields Commission of 1870.

The *Daily Times* in a recent article stated it was the intention of the General Gov-ernment at the ensuing session to ask for power to assume the control of the entire police in the Colony, with an Inspector-General as a respon-sible head. The *Guardian* authoritatively con-tradicts the statement.

The Otago Acclimatisation Society ob-tained last week from Auckland six hundred and four cock pheasants, and the whole number has been sent to Queenstown for liberation in the Lake District. The birds were taken up by Mr H. Manders, M.P.C., by way of Invercargill and Kingston, and a letter sent by that gentleman while en route from Invercargill conveyed the information that the pheasants were thriving, and that there was every probability of their reaching their destination in safety. The (says the *Daily Times*) is the first lot of these birds which has been sent to the Lakes by the Society, and, owing to the suitability of that district for all kinds of game, there can be little doubt they will rapidly multiply.

The Melbourne correspondent of the *Guardian* supplies the following interesting in-formation items, under date June 23:—Letters from the Palmer River state that the diggings are good, and that there is much distress.—Barrett, the wife-murderer, was sentenced to death. His two grown-up daughters, who were in Court, went into hysterics. He will probably be im-prisoned.—The *Argus* has a severe article against Sir George Grey.—Judge Dunne has sent a lengthy report to the Government, denying the charge of intoxication while on the Bench. He says he took chlorodyne, and that the accusa-tion that he was drunk is a vile slander.—Miss Bolton, Lady Mathematical Lecturer at the Presbyterian Ladies' College, has accepted the headship of the State school at Christchurch.—Jim Pong, a Chinese, was committed for trial at Dunolly, for the murder of a German, with whose wife he was intimate.—Quartz from a depth of 870ft. is yielding largely at Stawell.—There have been numerous fatal mining acci-dents.

MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, JULY 2, 1875.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

Police v. Ah Fan, and Ah Ping.—Breach of the Town and Country Police Ordinance, break-ing surface of roadway. Fined 10s each, with 6s 6d costs; in default, seven days' imprison-ment.

CIVIL CASES.

Elizabeth Co. (by C. Colclough, manager) v. C. L. Fenwick.—Claim for £4, calls overdue. New summons ordered to issue.

Same v. Asher (£4) and Dunning (£5). Set-tled out of Court.

Same v. Alves, Koligher, and Edwards, claims for £2 12s 6d, £17 10s, and £2 10s, respec-tively. Judgment by default, with costs.

Max Gall v. R. Jones.—Claim for £2 3s 6d, goods supplied. Judgment by default, with costs, 9s.

G. W. Goodger v. P. Feehly.—£7 15, debt. Settled.

R. English v. Sin You.—Action to recover £22 10s. Debt admitted, and judgment given for full amount, with Court and professional costs, 46s.

D. A. Jolly v. Sin You.—Claim for £37 9s 4d, goods supplied. Indebtedness admitted to the extent of £30 9s 4d, for which amount judgment was recorded, with costs, 25s.

Same v. Gustave Randall.—£3 12s, goods. Nonsuit granted, with 21s professional costs.

MONDAY JULY 5, 1875.

(Before J. Loughnan, Esq., J.P., and D. A. Jolly, Esq., Mayor.)

ALLEGED LIBEL.

E. A. Drury v. James Aitchison.—This was a second information against James Aitchison for libelling the character of E. A. Drury by writing and publishing a letter concerning the said E. A. Drury, wherein accused made use of words to the effect that Drury would find Bell Hill a suitable sphere for his operations, and that there he would not have to scribble in the interests of an illiterate publican for a nobbler or a feed.

Mr Drury conducted his own case; Mr John-ston acted for accused.

After applying for and obtaining leave to amend the information in some respects, Mr Drury opened the case for the prosecution, mak-ing an able statement of the case, rendering it from first to last in a clear and succint manner.

B. R. Baird, Clerk to the Court, having pro-duced and sworn to the depositions and papers handed in during former proceedings, complain-ant called and examined

S. N. Brown and Geo. Fache, proprietors of the *Cromwell Argus* and *Dunstan Times* re-spectively but their evidence was simply a rep-etition of that taken and published at a former hearing.

Simon Aitchison, brother of accused, was sub-jected to a severe examination by Mr Drury as to the identity of his brother's handwriting. The witness gave his evidence with great unwill-ingness, and anything that could be learned from him had to be dragged out. He would swear to nothing, not even his own writing; ac-knowledged having delivered a letter at the *Argus* office and acquaintance with its contents; but declined to say who wrote the letters, as might commit himself.

A. Ritchie, storekeeper at Bannockburn, de-posed on oath that he knew the Aitchisons. When they were mining at Adam's gully, wit-ness was in the habit of receiving written orders from them for goods. Knew the writing, and to the best of his belief the letters produced were signed by James Aitchison. Would swear to the signature, but not to the body of the letters.

Examined by Mr Johnston.—Never saw James Aitchison write his signature, but had received many of his orders, the signatures to which were entirely alike to those now shown him. Swore only to the best of his belief that the signature was that of James Aitchison. There was no peculiarity about the signature, but he (witness) knew it by his familiarity with it.

Simon Aitchison, recalled by Mr Drury, said some of the orders to Ritchie were in his (witness') handwriting, and some in that of his brother. Would not know his own hand-writing if he saw it. The signature to the (Good Templars' petition (produced)) written "Simon Aitchison" was he believed in his hand-writing. Could not say whether his brother signed that petition; did not see him sign it. Saw several persons sign it, but did not pay particular attention.

Thomas Fergus, District Engineer, was then examined, but his evidence as to signature was of no value—witness never having seen James Aitchison's signature nor his hand-writing. In answer to a question by Mr Johnston, (objected to by complainant) Mr Fergus said the article by the *Cromwell* correspondent to the *Dunstan Times* reflecting on road works between Cromwell and Clyde was quite un-true. [Witness took occasion to complain of what he termed the "unjustifiable conduct of Drury" in summoning him as a witness after he (Mr Fergus) had distinctly told him he could give no evidence as to Aitchison's signa-ture or other matter pertinent to the case. He had been put to great inconvenience, and the public service had suffered uselessly. The Bench remarked that Mr Fergus' evidence bore out his complaint.]

This closed the list of witnesses for the pro-secution, and none were called for the defence.

Prosecutor himself desired to be sworn, and entered into a lengthy statement of circum-stances surrounding the present case, also re-iterating that portion of his evidence reported in our issue of 23rd ult. For the last twelve months had been paid *Cromwell* correspondent to the *Dunstan Times*. Sent contributions to that journal between 7th and 19th May last, but they were not published. Received notice from his employer that until he could clear himself of the imputations in Aitchison's letters his ser-vices were no longer required. Was not aware of having rendered himself notoriously odious on the West Coast or elsewhere. The signature attached to the letter was that of James Aitchi-son. Had that morning seen accused sign his name, and it was identically the same as that at-tached to the document produced.

Examined by Mr Johnston.—I think I went into the Dunstan Hospital about the 14th April, and remained there nine or ten weeks. I was confined in bed the whole time. I saw Aitchi-

son write his signature to-day in the telegraph office. I overlooked him. I deliberately looked at it, and will swear positively to the signature. I have no further knowledge of his signature be-yond what I saw to-day. There is nothing pecu-liar in the hand writing, but it is bold and free.

This was the case for the prosecution. Mr Johnston urged that the information and evidence were equally bad. The only term used in the letter complained of was "own corres-pondent," and prosecutor had failed to make the necessary averment in the information connect-ing himself therewith. There had not been a tittle of evidence adduced of prosecutor's con-nection with the alleged libel, and in a criminal action nothing could be taken for granted. Prosecutor had said he was confined ten weeks in the Dunstan Hospital. It was unusual for a known correspondent to be for weeks an hospi-tal patient, and the inference was that such patient was not the correspondent. There must be some distinct reference to connect him under these circumstances.

Mr Drury said the argument of the opposing counsel might hold in a civil case; but accord-ing to the Justices of the Peace Act, 1866, there could only be one charge in an information, not so with an indictment. The present was only an information, and he (prosecutor) contended that no averment or innuendo was necessary. If it was proved that accused was the person who wrote the letter—and he held it had been so proved—then he (prosecutor) claimed a commit-tal.

After consultation, the Bench said that look-ing at the evidence as a whole it did not con-sider there was a sufficient case to send for trial before a higher Court. There was no conclusive evidence that accused wrote the letter contain-ing the libel, and apart from Mr Johnston's legal objections, the case must be dismissed. Mr Johnston applied for costs, which were not al-lowed.

WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, JULY 2, 1875.

(Before W. L. Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

APPLICATIONS.

Protection.—John Allan and others, 90 days, claim, Nevis—granted.

Extended Claims.—A. Perry and another, 2 acres, Poverty gully terrace; W. Phillips, 1 acre, Prospect flat; Ah Chang and another, 2 acres, Bald hill, Bannockburn; Ah Foo and others, 3 acres, ditto; Chas. Lawrence, 1 acre, Smith's gully; W. Doolan, 1 acre, William's creek, Nevis—granted.

Tail Races.—C. Lawrence, from claim in Smith's Gully; A. Perry and another, from claim in Poverty gully—granted.

Dams.—James Crombie and another, on ter-race between Smith's and Pipeclay; Samuel Roskrige, Pipeclay terrace. Warden desirous of visiting ground before dealing with applica-tions.

Residence Area.—Martin Heaney, 1 acre, Lowburn—granted.

QUEENSTOWN.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

July 1, 1875.

The weather here is keeping excellent for the season. Business is rather dull, but from the interest taken in new reefs, there is prom-ise of more energy next season. The prop-rietarys of the leases on the Racecourse ter-race are forming a company to work what has evidently been the ancient course of the Shotover. Another party of miners is now working one end of this old bed, but owing to the river having eaten into the hill and caused slides, which of course varied its wind-ings, they find it difficult to strike the origi-nal channel. The idea of opening up the whole face by the company from either end will in all human probability strike some of the richest ground in the district. Working the ledges is paying the party who are min-ing on the terrace.

The approaching municipal elections are causing no excitement. It was supposed that Mr Warren would contest the seat this time, but he has told those who asked that he did not care about it. There is considerable dis-satisfaction with our present Mayor and Councilors, but it is difficult to see how they could have done much better.

Our Athenaeum Committee have accepted tenders for their new hall. It will cost about £1000. The new courthouse contract is not let yet, but will be in a few days. The new library hall and courthouse will form one block, and will be a great addition to the architectural appearance of the town.

We have had the Arrow Dramatic Club acting here. A few of them, Messrs McKay, Healey, Williams, and Mrs Curtis, act very well indeed. But the boys, with the excep-tion of Cotter, showed more acquaintance with cheek than with the drama. The Hornsbys especially showed well-developed assurance. Still, on the whole, the affair went off well. Something was the matter with the Highlander. He seemed too anxious to keep his kilts flying at his waist, and showed too much underclothing. One gen-tleman showed his disgust by withdrawing his daughters, and since then some members of the Club show themselves very anxious to write him down. Luckily for the gentleman, they are better acquainted with Billingsgate or Vandemonium, than with English com-position. We are talking of a Club here. We have plenty of talent, but I fear there are too many baders.

Butter and other farm produce is very high, and still they say farming does not pay. Mr Manders, our M.P.C., has returned, and has on the whole given us satisfaction. He at all events did all he could for us. He showed considerable modesty as well, for a young member. Although ambitious, he be-gan at the lowest rung of the ladder with—rabbits. There is a thorough disgust with our member for the Assembly, Mr Pyke, felt here. I do not think he would get twenty votes in the district were there another elec-tion. Mr Manders is the coming man.

ARROWTOWN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

July 6, 1875.

In spite of the *Observer's* assertion that you have lost your Arrow correspondent, together with my own misgivings as to whether these presents will find you pursuing the even tenor of your way, after the cross-firing to which you have been subjected by your Clyde and Arrow neighbors, I forward this with instructions that, in the event of the ARGUS office having been razed to the ground by an outraged public and yourself started as an emigrant for New Guinea or Nova Zembla, it may be submitted to the *Dunstan Times*, with a view to business when that journal takes the place which, according to it, you fill so unworthily. The charge of piracy made by the *Observer* is a serious one. It seems that you have been guilty of taking "interesting matter" from that journal without acknowledgment. Unfortunately, however, the opportunity seldom occurs.

The Arrow Mining Association held its annual meeting on Saturday evening last in the Library Hall. The business was of an interesting nature, and Mr Manders, M.P.C., was present. The attendance was small, and the piercing cold of the evening caused some shivering and teeth-chattering among the audience. Mr John A. Miller took the chair. The yearly report showed the affairs of the Association to be satisfactory and sound, and that its business had been conducted with care and energy. Mr John A. Miller was re-elected President and Mr W. M'Whirter Treasurer. The six new members of Committee in place of those retiring are, Messrs Symonds, Watson, Smith, Walker, Clarke and Brown. It was resolved to ask the Executive to instruct the Warden not to receive applications for agricultural areas on mining reserves, as the Committee were put to much expense in opposing such applications, which were constantly repeated. It was further decided to make a firm stand against the alienation of any portion of the Crown Terrace except on terms of free entry for mining purposes, without limit of time; and also that the rule prohibiting other than bona fide miners from acting on the Committee or as office-bearers be strictly adhered to. Mr Manders, who was enthusiastically received, spoke several times, and at his suggestion the following resolution was made:—That Miners' Associations petition the General Assembly to the effect that should the Gold Duty Rebate Ordinance be disallowed, arrangements may be made under which a sum equal to the amount paid as duty on gold may be expended on the gold-fields for prospecting purposes. A vote of thanks to Messrs Manders and Hallenstein for their services in the Council was passed; also one of thanks and confidence in the Central Committee at Naseby. Mr H. J. Cope ably filled the chair during the latter portion of the meeting.

The United Co. have been compelled to stop pumping owing to the breaking of the shaft of the turbine. Some weeks will elapse before work will be resumed, as it is found necessary to cut off the flood water from Bush Creek by a race. It is this surface-water soaking through the shingly soil which gives so much work to the pumps, and if it is cut off it is hoped that the chances of beating the water will be materially increased.

The Crown Terrace Q.M. Co. have started two men at work prospecting, by driving a tunnel from a level of the Three-mile creek.

One of the pioneers of the Arrow, Mr Robert Turner, died at Frankton hospital after a short illness, aged 64 years. He was buried at Arrowtown cemetery to-day. The service was read by Mr Warden Stratford, and numbers of miners and others attended.

Some much-needed improvements are being made on the Miller's Flat road under the District Engineer. Good progress is being made with the works.

The bakers here have raised the price of bread to 8d.

The proposed company for purchasing Butel's bush and making a tramway to Arrowtown from it seems likely to float, as most of the business men are likely to take up shares.

The Templars' meetings continue to be held regularly, and their affairs progress favorably. A hall on the site purchased with money loaned to the Lodge by members will be proceeded with. During the last two or three months many members have fallen off or left the Lodges, both at Arrow and Miller's Flat.

CARDRONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

June 30, 1875.

Some time back I referred to the Band of Hope claim having been purchased by Mr M'Dougall, who, during the past month, has sold the upper part of it to the Enterprise party, and the lower part to Hodgson and party, late of the Banner of War. They intend working it with an incline, the trucks to be drawn up by water power; and there is every reason to believe that, under the able management of Mr Hodgson, the investment will prove highly remunerative. The claims on the terrace are all doing pretty fair, having as yet had no delay through frost or snow. In fact, the winter so far has been uncommonly fine and mild,—quite an agreeable change from the usual state of things at this time of year, when met are up half the night pounding icicles off the water-wheels, and clearing flumings.

A considerable number of Chinese have lately located themselves in the vicinity of

the terrace claims, where they are enabled without any expense to work a large extent of country hitherto unworkable without pumping machinery on account of water; but it has now been drained by the operations of the European miners working the deep claims, and really at their expense, and "John" is all there at availing himself of the "benefit of the Act," as well as the chance of doing a quiet "gouge" on the ground of his more enterprising neighbour.

At Branch Creek, the parties are busy at work, the water-races being perfectly free from ice, and late washings-up have been quite up to the usual average.

I am sorry to say the Cardrona Library or Book Club has ceased to exist, and the books have been distributed in lots of equal value among the subscribers. The Club was established some years ago through the instrumentality of the Austin Brothers, who are well known throughout the district as being the foremost in every movement having for its object the social progress of the place and tendency to elevate their fellow-miners from that of mere working machines. A testimonial, consisting of a very handsome gold chain and locket, was presented to Mr Chas. Austin by a number of his friends, a few evenings since. The presentation was made at Bond's Empire Hotel. Mr Thos. Taylor, in a few well-chosen words, complimented Mr Austin on his many good qualities, and in the name of the subscribers handed him the testimonial. Mr Austin responded in "a very neat and appropriate." Toast and song followed in rapid succession, and a very convivial evening was spent.

To beguile the weariness of the winter evenings, a quadrille assembly has been started. Meetings are held once a week in the schoolhouse. It is well patronised.

In the Warden's Court, held on the 22nd instant, a considerable amount of business was transacted, among which one item is deserving of special mention as showing the artful dodges practised by some, in order to monopolise auriferous areas under any pretence. Mr John Kerin appeared as an applicant for five or six residence areas of one acre each, on behalf of a corresponding number of miners, or rather of holders of miners' rights; and would no doubt have had them granted, had not the discriminating Cotter, who is generally in Court, objected, and pointed out to the Warden that these residence areas were situated on a mining lease of ten acres now held by Mr Kerin. Of course the "little game" became transparent at once, and the applications were refused, the Warden remarking that Mr Kerin had been the dupe, unconsciously of course, of men who were endeavoring to trespass on his mining lease. (There was no dammyism in it, at all; oh no!)

The cemetery has undergone considerable improvement, having been laid out with nice gravel walks, newly fenced, etc. But I think those having the management of it ought to prevent the holder of an adjoining paddock from plastering his sod fence up against the cemetery in order to save the expense of a few chains of extra fencing.

Our publicans seem to take kindly to the Good Templar movement, and have accordingly commenced retailing hop beer and hot coffee.

What is the Ranger doing? and why does he allow our commonage to be overrun with thousands of sheep, for which no assessment is paid, and contrary to the Ordinance? The sooner he attends to the matter the better.

A grand ball and supper was given at Lafranchi's hotel on the evening of the 28th inst., in honour of the marriage of an old and respected resident, Mr John Walsh. It was attended by nearly everybody on the Creek, the Cardrona Band officiating; and the affair throughout was a great success.

THE MINER.

PIPECLAY SLUDGE CHANNEL.

A public meeting of claimholders in Pipeclay Gully was held at the Bannockburn Schoolhouse on Friday evening, 2nd instant. Mr James Crombie was in the chair.

After the minutes of last meeting had been read and confirmed, the Chairman informed the meeting that he had received a note from the Warden intimating that a survey of the gully had been recommended to the Government; also a communication from Mr Marshall, stating that from enquiries he had made, the first thing to be done was to draw up rules or bye-laws for the proper working of the channel, and submit them to the Warden.

After a good deal of discussion of a conversational character, which all tended to show that to be in a fit position to draw up rules or bye-laws, a survey of the gully was indispensable, the following resolutions were put to the meeting:—

Proposed by Mr O'Neil, seconded by Mr Muir, and carried: "That all business in connection with the construction of the Pipeclay sludge channel be adjourned until the Government surveyor's report be received."

Proposed by Mr D. U. M'Gregor, seconded by Mr William Jones, and carried: "That the Secretary be instructed to forward the preceding resolution to the Warden, and also to respectfully request that an engineer be sent at the earliest opportunity."

Proposed by Mr O'Neil, seconded by Mr Ray, and carried: "That as there is difference of opinion concerning who is entitled to vote on this matter, application be made to the Warden for information as to whether owners of claims that have never been worked, or claims that have been worked but are at present under protection, are equally qualified to vote for the construction or non-construction of the sludge-channel."

WARDEN'S REPORT.

The following is Mr Warden Stratford's report on the Arrow district for the quarter ended June 30, 1875:—

I have the honor to report upon the district under my charge for the quarter ending the 30th of June instant:

The winter weather up to the present time has not been very unfavorable for mining operations, and as the system of tunnelling is becoming more general, the drawbacks owing to frost and snow are less felt than in previous years. This mode of gold mining proves the ground in this district to be very rich, for none but highly auriferous will compensate for the heavy expenditure in timber and the arduous labor in driving. Up to the present time, the Chinese have confined their operations entirely to old workings abandoned by the Europeans. Some few of the latter have within the present month succeeded in finding a rich lead of gold several feet below the river, and under landfills which they have been searching for by sinking shafts and driving for some years past. Their success will give a new impetus to this industry up the Arrow Valley, which, once a scene of hundreds of claimholders, has been almost abandoned during five years past, owing to contorted floods and depth of ground. The enterprising few who have remained to prove that mining is only in its infancy in the Arrow are likely to be well rewarded for their patience and courage, one party of four having, since they struck gold last week, obtained as much as one ounce of gold a day to each man. The Sons of Fortune (registered company) and other parties are on the same course.

Quartz mining will be renewed with vigor in the spring. The Macetown reef is believed by old reefers who have visited it to be a genuine lode. The old Criterion and Cornish reefs near Arrowtown have been pegged off. The latter is being worked by a company that has been formed quite recently.

At Cardrona the population is on the increase. There are about 100 Europeans and 250 Chinese. Mining operations of the former are almost exclusively confined to deep sinking in the terraces near the township. The claims in the deep lead are nearly all paying fair returns the great barrier to progress having been up to the present time the quantity of water to contend with. In one claim alone (the Empire) there have been expended over £2000 in the erection of machinery and plant to work the claim to advantage. This claim has been opened for about seven years, and has at times yielded as much as £30 a week to each shareholder. The company has lately extended its operations by purchasing the Band of Hope claim, adjoining its own. The success of the deep lead parties has induced a number of Chinese to take up some of the more shallow inferior ground in the neighborhood of these claims, which they will be enabled to work without much expense, as the deep lead company have drained the ground for them with their machinery.

At Branch Creek, four miles from the Cardrona township, the operations are continued to sluicing. The same number of people and the same returns of gold are found in each report concerning this locality. The miners, about 20 in number, having a sufficient quantity of water from the only source of supply to work their claims, may be considered permanent settlers.

The scarcity of lignite and the high price of firewood, which is brought in bullock drays from Lake Wanaka, has been much felt by the residents at Cardrona, but the fact of the Government being about to cut a dray road to a coal-pit at the head of the Cardrona Creek will obviate this evil before another winter sets in. The price of timber for dikes also, which has been a great drawback to the proper development of the deep lead, would be considerably reduced if the dray road from Pmbroke to Cardrona were formed along the terraces instead of up the bed of the creek. It is estimated that the formation of the proposed track would cost about £300, and I observe that £20 have been voted for the old road repairs.

I believe in my report of the 1st of April, the annual report of the gold exports from the Cardrona were estimated at about 3000 ozs, which did not include gold purchased by storekeepers. I believe I should have estimated in the aggregate of the estimates for the year 5000 ozs.

There are still complaints that sheep are allowed to depauperate on the commonage on the Cardrona range, to the detriment of the cattle-owners, who, I say, pay assessment.

Since my last report, grain has advanced in price,—wheat from 3s to 4s per bushel, and oats from 2s 6d to 3s 6d per bushel. Potatoes, £7 to £8 per ton; flour, £11 per ton; bread, 7d per 4lb loaf; mutton, 4d to 6d per lb; beef, 4d to 8d per lb. All of good quality, £2 10s per ton delivered at Arrowtown; firewood, £2 13s, conveyed from Queenstown. The general revenue bears a favorable comparison with former years. Town and suburban allotments have been in greater demand at considerably increased prices. Two or three large farms have recently been sold at £4 an acre, agricultural land generally maintaining high prices; and the Crown Terrace, if opened under the special lease system, will be taken up as soon as the proclamation is gazetted. There are about 5000 acres of arable land in that locality, made still more valuable by the new dray road from Arrowtown.

I cannot close my report without mentioning the admirable manner in which a Leffel's double-acting turbine-wheel (recently erected) is working the pumping machine of the Arrow United Company's works. It has been fixed by Messrs Sparrow and Co., Dunedin, and is a great improvement upon the Whitelaw turbine formerly in use, which could only be made to drive the pumps at eleven strokes to the minute, the present one lifting at twenty-two, and can be worked up to thirty strokes. I have now great hopes that the two registered companies, the United and Universal, will be able to thoroughly drain their large claims, known to be highly auriferous.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE QUASI-UNIVERSITY OF OTAGO.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—Quasi-Professor Coughtrey,—whose queer report "on the filthy habits of the people of Cromwell" is matter of notoriety,—delivered his inaugural address on the 31st May. His anatomical class was formally opened on the

24th June. During the past year he has been on a visit to England, and has been meanwhile drawing his salary. There were very few in the Hall to hear his lecture, and those few could neither hear nor obtain any clue to his rambling utterances, which resembled a collection of Democritean atoms, without the Epicurean condition of declination. There was no thread of cohesion. Unlike the master of the feast, the Council of the College reserved the worst wine for the last. After five years of an existence, the quasi-University has at last got five matriculated students. Whether any of these will join Coughtrey's class I cannot pretend to determine. However, as I predicted in my letter to you, of date December 18, 1874, there are plenty rats nibbling the books in the library, and these will form prolific subjects for a thesis on the physiological habitudes and anatomical construction of a most characteristic species of animals. Such a theme is well fitted to engage the attentive contemplation of an Otago professor in a charterless university. Such wanton dissipation of the public funds is a powerful argument for the total abolition of our petty, worthless, and vulgarised legislatures. We fatten useless drones, and let the inland districts go to perdition.

Dunedin is swarming with political polecats and mushroom lawyers. They multiply like herring and rabbits. Education is not wanted. Impudence, vulgarity, and pugilism go a great length in this paradise of shams and charlatans. The fifth Rector of the High School was honoured with a ragtag-and-bobtail funeral. However incompetent he was, his successor—the sixth Rector—is immeasurably behind him in every quality, physical and mental. But colonists do not care for classical education. All they want is "a round commercial hand of write." Whatsoever does not minister to the belly is not valued. Hawthorne got his appointment because he did not believe in classics. His successor is of the same stamp. The fact is, the High School is even below many of the District Schools.

But I must not engross too much of your space.—I am, &c.,

J. G. S. GRANT.

York Place, Dunedin, June 25, 1875.

LIBERTY OF THE PRESS.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

Oh, wad some power the gittie gie us,
To see oursel as others see us!
It wad frae monie a blunder free us,
And foolish notion.

SIR,—I perceive by the effort of "Publicola" in last number of the *Dunstan Times* that my previous letter went home,—so much so that he cannot argue away its reasoning, nor respond to the challenge I put to him, but must needs adopt the course of certain bush lawyers, abuse the other side when he has a bad case. This mode of writing is simply what might be looked for from "Publicola" the second. I say second, because the evidence is plain that the writer of the first letter to the *Times* under that signature has cried *peccavi*, and delegated his dirty work to other and may I say more fitting hands. Instead of attempting to justify the position taken by Mr Fache, this *fidus Achates*, true to his nature, not manly enough to fight a fair, open battle on the question at issue, falls back upon his natural weapons,—scurrility and pot-house pomposity born of a little learning; and by means of these attributes tries to draw attention from the subject dealt with by me, by making it a contest for supremacy between your journal and the paper which he ornaments with his balderdash. No doubt you can afford to enjoy the eagerness of this literary Ishmaelite to supplant you in Cromwell: with him the wish is father to the thought, and probably means additional bread and beer, and an extended sphere for venting his bile on all and sundry who do not choose to hob nob with him. Those who know your critic will fully comprehend the weight of his denunciations. I should imagine from his bitterness that you, Mr Editor, have managed to keep the *Dunstan Times* "at your heels" (proper place for snarlers) without the powerful aid of "Publicola" the second, and so long as you keep him and those of his kidney at their proper distance, so long will the ARGUS increase and retain its popularity and position as the leading journal of the Dunstan district. Seeing, however, that I am handling pitch and may realise the recognised results of so doing if I continue to give food for the new "Publicola's" *cacoethes scribendi*, and also that my opponents are unable to controvert my assertion that the proprietor of the *Dunstan Times* acted wrongly in giving up to a third party a letter addressed to him for publication, I think I may now safely leave them to their own reflections and the public verdict, which latter is pronounced with no undecided voice. Since "Publicola" is obliged to employ a professional (and not elegant) letter-writer to defend his cause, and I know from past experience that his amanuensis is incapable of anything in the art of writing above personalities and small gossip, then I think my self-respect alone demands that I should leave the Siamese "Publicolas" to wallow in the mire of their own conceit and ignorance, content that I have been the means of lighting a beacon to the public, whereby they may be warned how far to trust to the very scrupulous journalistic honor of the *Dunstan Times* if they desire their writings to go no further than the person to whom they are addressed.

Trusting you will kindly insert this, my last notice of the rhodomontade of the dual "Publicolas," I am, &c.,

JUSTICE.

July 5, 1875.

BIRDS OF A FEATHER.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR,—I would like to ask you,—Who is the illiterate publican referred to in the libel action, *Drury v. Aitchison*? Reading and hearing so much of him, my curiosity, and I may add ire, has been aroused. However, I am glad to notice one Boniface has resented the insult implied, so far as he at least is concerned, as he was to be seen to-day parading the town with a huge goose quill behind his ear. The imputation, therefore, must fall harmless on him, and the suspicion which haunted my mind has vanished. I would suggest that each publican who desires to disclaim the impeachment should give as conclusive a sign of literary attainment.—I am, &c.,

GAUK.

Cromwell, July 6, 1875.

THE PROVINCIAL SYSTEM.

(New Zealand Times, June 24.)

The effort that is being made by journalists and politicians, to rouse the New Zealand public on behalf of Provincial Government, comes rather late in the day. It is an effete system. The people are tired of it. For more than twenty years it has mismanaged public affairs, squandering the colonial estate, encouraging officialism, adding to the permanent debt of the colony, and most effectually checking the growth of a healthy public opinion. The men who administered provincial affairs were not corrupt. They were, as a rule, the best men the provinces could produce; but the system was altogether such as to warp men's judgments, to narrow their views by purely local and selfish considerations, and to create a reckless disregard of interests other than those lying directly around. Thus, each province became wrapped up in its own mantle of self-sufficiency. The provinces were distinct communities, not having common interests, or common objects in view. They were not parts of a united country, animated by a spirit of generous rivalry, but hostile cantons, bent on thwarting and humiliating each other.

Meanwhile, another power was growing up slowly but surely, which was to smite them down. The General Government and the Colonial Legislature, which had been used as mediums for registering provincial decrees, gradually assumed a controlling position. Bit by bit the Assembly encroached upon the provinces,—first in one direction, then in another. At last, it decreed that the provinces should borrow no more, and frantic was the rage of provincial magnates at this decision; but their ire soon cooled when they found themselves still at liberty to play with the colonial security, namely, with its Crown lands. If they could not borrow, they might sell and hypothecate what remained of the public estate; and accordingly they set themselves zealously to work to realise and spend.

But again the General Assembly interposed: not effectually this time, as in the matter of borrowing. Cautiously feeling its way, it told the South it might retain its land fund and Provincial Government; but as for the North, it must part with these altogether. It was only a warning, however, but the scare has been overwhelming. Resolutions are not laws, although, as in the case of the famous financial resolutions of 1856, they may be made to have the effect of law without being embodied in any statute; and with this example of their own dexterity before them, the provincialists anticipate the worst. They are now making frantic appeals in the North to the passions and prejudices of the people; and in the South, appeals are being made to the cupidity of the settlers by projecting railways; as Mr Driver pitifully said, to every man's door, at the same time authorising the Provincial Government to make contracts, to be paid for out of loan,—or somehow. Too late, however. These appeals, differing in kind, but having the same object in view, come too late. The colony has to contemplate future possibilities. It must review the situation as a whole; and provincial interests will not be allowed to stand in the way for an instant.

What are these possibilities? What is this situation? We have only to point to the public debt, to the gaps in the trunk railways, to the unfinished works to which the country is pledged, to the stoppage of free immigration and the consequent consolidation of our population to meet public engagements, to convince every sane man that the provincial question is settled. It will soon be one of the solved problems in colonial politics. Superintendentalism will be among the lost arts of government. The system will disappear as an active force in New Zealand politics, and the Colonial Parliament may then set about the task of reform in earnest.

(Canterbury Press, June 24.)

Canterbury and Otago are the only provinces that can claim to be financially independent, and their situation is precarious. They have both committed themselves to liabilities largely in excess of their present means in a reliance on future land sales; and should their expectations not be realised, they will be plunged into serious embarrassment. Thus, of nine provinces, two are total and irreparable failures by their own confession: they are completely broken down—are incapable of being made self-supporting. The third has been rescued from the same fate only by a long course of outside assistance, and of the rest, all but two need to be helped along from year to year by donations from the General Government. The sums distributed among the provinces during the current year in the shape of subsidies, advances, and grants-in-aid amount to no less than £194,000. It is scarcely a question, then, whether the Provinces should be abolished. Facts have already decided, to all intents and purposes, that the business is done. When we compare the Provinces as they were and were meant to be, and as they are, it is evident that though a formal sentence of abolition has yet to be pronounced, the system is at an end. As a system of Government, Provincialism is extinct. It has worked out its own destruction. It has abolished itself.

It is maintained that the most inspiring natural sight which a glazier can contemplate is the gleam of early dawn breaking through the windows.

They sold at the public auction in Paris the other day a revolver that has had many owners, and with which five of its owners had committed suicide.

COLONIAL AND GENERAL.

A child eight years of age was sentenced by two J.P.'s the other day at Auckland to be whipped for being absent from the Industrial Home without leave, the child having gone to see his father, who is dying in the hospital.

An Australian writer says:—"The ruling passion was recently strong at a certain mining township, if not in death, at least in burial. A bereaved husband followed to the cemetery the remains of his late wife. After the other mourners had retired, the unfortunate fellow was left alone at the grave with his loneliness and his sorrow. When the last man had left, he aroused himself from his lethargy, borrowed some tools from one of the attendants, and marked out a claim just outside the cemetery fence. The operations of the sexton had revealed a likely-looking spur, and the disconsolate widower imagines that he is in a fair way of making a fortune through the discovery of a new reef."

The Frisco Palace Hotel, which is nearly completed, will contain eight hundred rooms, and accommodate over a thousand visitors. Each corridor is supplied with an ample supply of water, that can be turned on at a moment's notice. Thermometers placed at stated intervals along each passage will give the watchmen, who keep their watches day and night, timely notice of any rise in temperature. The roof of the hotel is flat, and will be laid out as a fashionable promenade, to which access can be gained without fatigue by means of a steam lift. Each corridor will be provided with a letter-receiver connected pneumatically with the main post-office in the building. The basement will be devoted to the various trades or businesses which will flourish on the patronage of the guests, who in number will exceed the population of many up-country towns. Without leaving his table a man will be able to despatch or receive his letters, communicate telegraphically with Europe or Asia, consult his lawyer, doctor, or stockbroker, procure a passport to foreign countries, provide himself with a suit of clothes, or the latest three-volume novel.

Persons who feel an inclination to take part in the pastime of "tin-kettling" a newly married couple—a practice that is clearly a survival from the musical performances of savage life—may reflect with profit on a case that was tried before the Supreme Court, Melbourne, and on the verdict that was given by the jury. The case was one in which a young man named Renfree, sued for damages for an assault. Renfree had assisted at a kerosene-tin serenade given in honor of the defendant on his entering the holy state of matrimony. The defendant, Espie, endeavored as well as he could to enter into the fun of the thing, but after listening to the music for some twenty minutes it began to grow monotonous. With a view of dispelling his sense of weariness and the crowd, he loaded and discharged a gun, which was charged only with powder, although more substantial charges have sometimes been fired on such occasions. However, the discharge of the gun was attended with inconvenient consequences to Renfree, who had his face scorched with the powder, and is disfigured for life. He accordingly brought an action against Espie. In defense it was urged that the injury caused was not intentional, and that in any case it served Renfree right, as he had no business to annoy the defendant. The jury, who were probably married men and who may have experienced similar indignities at a critical moment of their lives, wished to find a verdict for the defendant, but the judge telling them that they must on the facts of the case find one for the plaintiff, they brought in one for 1s damages.

One of these fearful instances of what a human being can be brought to by drink (says the *New Zealand Herald*) occurred last night. Charles Padon was picked up at 7 o'clock yesterday evening in Victoria-street, drunk and incapable, by Constable O'Reilly, and conveyed to the lock-up in a wheelbarrow. He was placed in a cell, in which he died within the space of two hours after his incarceration. The gaoler on duty had noticed his helpless condition, and provided him with a pillow, and placed him on his side. He was then breathing heavily. On making the usual inspection at 9 o'clock, upon relief of officers, the prisoner was found to be dead. Dr Hooper was at once sent for by his police, but beyond making an examination could do nothing. Life was extinct. The deceased was about 44 years of age, and had formerly occupied a respectable position in society, being by profession a barrister. Dink had been his ruin. He came to Auckland, from Nelson, about two months ago, and since his arrival has given considerable trouble to the police through his behaviour. A few days ago he was charged at the Police Court, under the Vagrancy Act, with being a habitual drunkard. Upon his earnest protestations of reform, and promise to leave the Province, the charge was withdrawn. The sequel is to be found in the above. Reeked up last evening in the gutter, and conveyed to the only asylum open to him in the condition in which he was found, he died the death of a dog, in a police-cell.

"At a recent wedding," according to report, "the jellies upon the bridal super-tables were pure amber masses of quivering translucence, catching the wine-colored prisms of perfumed light and holding them in tremulous mirrors of rosy beauty."

In Switzerland there was a marriage by proxy. A woman there was married to a man in America, the proxy being a neighbor and a man already married. The authorities are discussing whether this much-married man has not committed bigamy.

SELECTIONS.

A Doctor's Degradation.

The following peculiar letter, over the signature, Geo. Wilkins, appears in the columns of the *Wanganui Herald* of a late issue. The epistle conveys its own tale, which is calculated to excite pity rather than approbrium. The wonder is that one of the medical profession should be driven to such dire extremity in New Zealand, where in many places their location is eagerly sought—and that in districts where an ample competence would be assured:—

Sir,—As it is still my intention to establish myself as a medical practitioner in Wanganui, I feel it my bounden duty to lay before the inhabitants of the town and district a plain statement of the cause that brought me into the hands of the police, subjected me to a remand of a few days, and gave me over, for the time being, to that most frightful and pitiable disease—"the horrors" or "delirium tremens."

Ever since I arrived in the Colony, I have been drifted hither and thither, by the advice of others, in search of a suitable locality wherein to practice, walking daily long distances, living most irregularly, sleeping nightly in strange beds, and resting were rest and refreshment only could be had, in, oftentimes, badly conducted inns and indifferent hotels.

All, or any, who have passed through the like ordeal, will have experienced much of what I have undergone, though their anxieties and surroundings may have been widely different; for these too enter largely into the cup that overflows at last, and reduces you to a state of bodily weakness and mental exhaustion, accompanied with heart-failing and spirit-drooping. No wonder the appetite, in some cases at least, for wholesome and nutritious diet, by slow and sure degrees gives place to something like a craving for soul-arousing or spirit-stirring stimulants, be it wine, beer, or spirits, and which, when once indulged in, and the cause still operative, cannot easily be laid aside, resisted or overcome. 'Tis well, and as a matter of self-gratulation for those who have a quiet and comfortable home to go to, to cast blame upon an erring brother in such a case, but is it either merciful or just? As, however, it is far from my intention to justify myself altogether in this matter, I need not say it has been the cause of much self-sorrow and deep self-regret, and howsoever the weight of remorse, it must now of necessity be patiently borne, at least for a time, or until my after life and conduct lighten my burden and all but blot out its remembrance. Of this I can give utterance—how long so ever my term of residence in Wanganui—the like occurrence will, under God's grace and blessing, never again happen; and that I shall hopefully always be found, whether by day or night, ready at call, and fit for duty—knowing well as I do the deep and solemn responsibility that ever attaches itself to one, who like myself, claims the title of physician and surgeon.

American Journalism.

The arrival of the San Francisco mail places us in possession of our usual American exchanges. Even to a thoroughly practised newspaper hand accustomed to sift the wheat from the chaff, a file of American papers never fails to perplex and bewilder him. He knows not where to look for the kind of information he desires to place before his readers. Religious reports are mixed up with commercial intelligence, and a "Terrible Murder and Mutilation of the Body," follows on a "Touching Incident of a Missing Child." The discovery of a rock only two feet under water in the Atlantic is preceded by an account of the early life of Elton. We get the cream of a very eloquent sermon upon the "Worldliness of Americans," followed by "Brevities," which are short paragraphs containing indecent suggestions; the produce of a cornfield, and how Scott "revolvered" Davis and wounded him in the femoral artery, by which he bled to death. We have at this instant lying before us the *Chicago Tribune*. What are its politics? what is its religion? for what special object is it published? We are quite unable to pronounce. In one place we are told that there are 400 religious journals in the United States; that there is a great "awakening," that those attending the revival meetings who "went to scoff, remained to pray." That thousands who have erred have repented themselves and have turned from the errors of their ways. That evil-doers are besought to seek that consolation from a Higher Power which no other can give them. Then follows what is headed, "Religious Intelligence."—The contributions of Lafayette Avenue Church, Brooklyn, for religious and benevolent objects during the last fifteen years have amounted to 233,900 dollars. For sustaining their own church they have raised 264,500 dollars. Two other church organisations have gone out from them within the same period. It speaks of the "awful warnings" which an Episcopalian clergyman has given to those who persistently refuse to join in prayer for the unconverted. But then follows in the next column such printed matter as this:—"A pious man who can drive a balky horse ten miles without being set back ten years in his religion is ripe enough for a better world." "When a clergyman applies at the depot for a minister's ticket, and the official ventures to express a doubt as to his clerical character, he says, 'I'll read one of my sermons.' The ticket is passed over instantly without any proof." There is a lawyer in Akron, O., who, when he wishes to quote from the *Mosaic*

Law, says, "Now, your Honor I will read from the Egyptian Reports." "A little four-year-old woke up very early one morning, and, seeing the full moon from the window, innocently remarked; 'I should think it was about time for Dad to take that moon in.'" "The Baptists of Outskill at communion recently found themselves without wine. A thief had, somehow, stolen it, and the *Recorder* adds, 'Any man who would rob a church will slide down hill in his grandmother's coffin.'" We cannot bring ourselves to understand the character of people who can tolerate a class of journals which place religious exhortations cheek by jowl with so much that is calculated to bring it into derision. A card-sharper trick in a railway train by which two unsuspecting men are fleeced of every dollar they possess is spoken of as "smart;" while a woman who murders her child by suffocating it with a pillow because she has been deserted by her husband is described as having been actuated by feelings of humanity in saving a child from a life of misery had it been permitted to live. There are greater anomalies than those we have mentioned, did we choose to find space for them. With only a few exceptions, the style of the American newspaper Press, introduced into English communities other than the most illiterate or abandoned, would not be tolerated for a month. The advertisements which are inserted in some of the newspapers do not make the slightest show of concealing their meaning. These consist of invitations by one sex to the opposite for the most immoral purposes; hints to unmarried women where they can be received when "in difficulty;" places of assignation where the strictest secrecy may be relied on, and others of a like kind. Men shoot each other down in the street, which is described as a *fracas*. Description is given of a New York saloon, where men are waited on by females in the last new style of costume, which means neither more nor less than that these unfortunate women carry drinks with drapery which none but the most immodest would permit themselves to appear in. Such are the characteristics which pertain to a large class of newspapers which are printed in "the greatest country in the world, sir."—*N. Z. Herald*.

A Water-Spout.

The *Detroit Free Press* says:—"There was something malicious in the smile of a Michigan avenue saloon-keeper as he dragged fifty feet of penstock hose out on the walk, turned on a full head of water, and remarked to a crowd of eight or ten boys that they could wash the walk. He went in and shut the door, and every boy in the crowd jumped for the nozzle. An old gent going by had his plug hat knocked into the street, and when he turned to remonstrate the stream hit him on the eye; down behind the collar, and on the back, and he galloped into a grocery and wildly inquired for a three-barrelled shot gun and a hand grenade. Each boy declared that he was going to hold that nozzle, and each one tried to. The stream hit the widows, then the walk, then a hitching post, and more than once it slid down a boy's back or into his boot leg. A woman came out of a store just in time to get a dash under the chin, and she fell over a box and shouted murder in clariion tones. A girl came along with a baby-cart, and as she was chewing away at a quid of gum and gaping across the street the water struck the baby in his little stomach and poured down over his toes like a babbling brook to the sea. The struggle among the boys lifted the stream to the window again, and the girl and baby got away. A small boy ran across the street to see what the matter was, and he went back howling, his hair dripping and his ears filled full. A barber went out to say to the boys that he'd have 'em locked up, and the water raked up and down him, filled up his pocket and wet his shirt bosom, and he jumped back into his door and said he'd like to be Chief of the Police of Detroit for about six seconds, he would. Some of the boys dropped out, discouraged at the thought of what the "old man" would say when they got home, but five or six held out until they had wet up a sack of coffee, a barrel of sugar, "plunked" a small girl on the back, and wet down a drug clerk; and then the saloon keeper came out and took the nozzle and exclaimed, "Pows! Pows! if you don't stop this peesness I'll call for der perleece on this peat!"

A Brooklyn paper is of opinion that a kind word will go further than a flat-iron.

We have seldom to report the arrival of such a large quantity of drapery into this town in one week. W. Talboys, of the London House, has just received his splendid stock of Winter Drapery, Boots, and Clothing, selected by himself with great care, from the largest stocks in Dunedin. In consequence of the arrival of his new stock, amounting to over £1800, he is obliged to extend his premises; and has opened out a show-room for millinery, underclothing, and ladies boots. It is needless to state that since the arrival, the place has been thronged with customers to purchase the latest novelties; and the public would do well to pay a visit to this establishment, where a first-rate article can be bought at such prices as to defy competition. For particulars, see advertisement.—[ADVT.]

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Much watchfulness must be exercised as winter advances, and the earliest evidences of ill-health must be immediately checked, and removed, or a slight illness may result in a serious malady. Relaxed and sore throat, diphtheria, quincy, throat cough, chronic cough, bronchitis, and most other pulmonary affections will be relieved by rubbing this cooling Ointment into the skin as nearly as practicable to the seat of mischief. This treatment, so simple and effective, is admirably adapted for the removal of these diseases during infancy and youth. Old asthmatic invalids will derive marvellous relief from the use of *Holloway's* remedies, which have brought round many such sufferers, and re-established health after every other means had signally failed.

Cromwell.

Read This IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

TO THE

LADIES OF CROMWELL AND
SURROUNDING DISTRICT,
AND RESIDENTS GENERALLY.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

Are now opening out and have
to arrive,

A LARGE AND VERY CHOICE ASSORT-
MENT OF

WINTER DRAPERY!

AND

MEN'S CLOTHING,

Comprising the Latest Fashions and Very
Best Quality, expressly selected by our
Mr. ARNPT, from recent Melbourne and
Home consignments.

All the goods have been

BOUGHT FOR CASH

in favourable markets, and

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

are therefore held out to purchasers.

We beg to draw particular attention to
the following lines:—

FANCY COSTUMES—in Homespun,
Melton, and other materials

JACKETS in Sealskin, Beaver, Cloth,
Velvet, and other materials

HATS—Trimmed and Untrimmed—in
great variety

FURS—Muffs, Boas, and Collarettes, a
Fine Display

FLANNELS—Welsh, Saxony, Anti-rheu-
matic, and Sciatica—in all colours

BLANKETS—Splendid Quality, all colors,
and really First-class Value.

REPPS,

POPLINS,

PLAIDS,

WINCEYS,

SERGES,

A Large and Well-selected Assortment.

The Ladies' Department of this
Establishment is fully stocked with every
requisite, and INSPECTION is respectfully
INVITED.

THE MENS' DEPARTMENT

Is more than usually replete with the Best
Make and Material of Colonial Manufac-
ture—every article being carefully selected
with a view to suit the requirements of
this district. It is, therefore, scarcely
necessary to particularise.

BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT.

This branch is complete with every
variety of

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S, MENS',

YOUTHS' AND BOYS' BOOTS, SHOES,

AND SLIPPERS,

WHICH WILL BE SOLD CHEAP.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,

MELMORE-ST., CROMWELL.

Miscellaneous.

C. BEEBY,
WATCHMAKER, IMPORTER,
AND
MANUFACTURING JEWELLER,
REES-STREET . . . QUEENSTOWN.

Orders executed and repairs made in
both branches of the business by ex-
perienced workmen.

C O A C H I N G
NOTICE.

THOMAS GILMOUR

Begs to announce to the public that after 1st
January, 1875, he will run a coach as follows:—

Between Cromwell and CARDRONA, leaving
Cromwell every THURSDAY morning and
returning every FRIDAY afternoon.

Every exertion made to ensure punctuality.

Parcels carried at reasonable rates, and careful-
ness in delivery, etc., to be depended upon.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Library contains an extensive variety of
Books in every department of literature; and
about £40 worth of New Works is expected to
arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number
of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly
received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual subscription, £1 1s; Half-yearly, 12s
6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSUR-
ANCE SOCIETY.

RISKS TAKEN ON THE MOST
LIBERAL TERMS.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Melmore-Street, Cromwell.

MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

LOUIS HOTOP,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,

SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS
VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial
Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a
small advance upon English prices.

A. MURPHY'S

COMMERCIAL HOTEL
ARROWTOWN.

The best accommodation in Town.

First-class Sample Rooms.

EXCELLENT STABLING AND GROOMAGE.

An unsurpassed assortment of choice WINES,
SPIRITS, and BEERS.

Horses and Buggies for Hire.

(Established 1850.)

GEORGE MATTHEWS,

NURSERYMAN & SEEDSMAN,

DUNEDIN,

Has on Sale:—

Fruit Trees of all sorts
Gooseberry and Currant Bushes
Rhubarb Roots
Scotch and Spruce Fir
Laurels, Janrestinas
Thorn Quicks for Hedges
Ornamental Shrubs in great variety
Grass Seeds of all kinds
Clover Seeds of all kinds
Vegetable Seeds
Flower Seeds.

Orders left at the Argus Office, Cromwell, will
receive attention.

VULCAN FOUNDRY,
Great King-street, Dunedin.

KINCAID, McQUEEN AND CO.,
Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Foun-
ders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of castings in Brass and Iron.
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.
Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels;
Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-
ing Gear.

Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-
iron Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any
size of holes), Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.
Flour-mill Machinery.

All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power
Machines made and repaired.

Improved Reaping Machines.
K. M. K. and Co.'s improved Wrought-Iron
Piping for Flueing and Hydraulic Mining is the
best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

Miscellaneous.

BRITISH HOTEL,
corner of
GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention
of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence
of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Coun-
try Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and
centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,
Proprietor.

AUSTRALASIAN HOTEL,
MACLAGGAN-STREET, DUNEDIN.

JAMES PATTERSON, late of Clyde, begs to
inform his numerous up-country friends that he
has leased the above hotel, which he has put in a
thorough state of repair. He has spared no ex-
pense in making this large and well-known house
a comfortable home for boarders; and visitors
from up-country will have every attention paid
to their welfare. This Hotel is conveniently
situated, being within a very short distance of
the Railway Station.

Wines and Spirits of the best qualities.

MILLS, DICK, AND CO.,
PAPER BAG

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS' STATIONERS,
STAFFORD ST., DUNEDIN.

Lithographed Show Cards, Bottle Labels,
etc., etc.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
FREL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

RICHARD WILLIAMS . . . Proprietor.

R. WILLIAMS, having been appointed Agent
for Cobb and Co.'s Line of Coaches, would as-
sure the travelling public that their comfort and
convenience will be attended to with that strict
attention which has already secured to the Vic-
toria such a liberal patronage.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will
find every accommodation, and receive the best
attention, at this old-established hotel.

A new building has recently been ere-
cted which considerably enlarges the accommodation,
and enhances the comfort of visitors. The addi-
tions comprise a suite of Private Apartments,
commodious Bedrooms, a large Commercial
Room and Sample Room, making the Victoria
one of the largest and most comfortable hotels
in the province.

There is also an extensive range of Stabling
and Paddock accommodation attached.

Patent Medicine

"LOOK THIN INTO THY HEART
AND WRITE."

THE above sentence read carefully will tell all
that I could in a thousand lines, it adapts
itself admirably to a large number of cases
continually coming under my treatment.

Many who "Look into their hearts" at the
reading of this advertisement, and who ponder
over it, will say, I know I should write, for I
have a great secret there in my heart, hidden
deep down, and I fear every day something will
shortly shew itself by some plain symptom and
make that secret known to my fellow men, and
cause me to be pointed at as an object of pity or
scorn.

"Look into thy heart" and say is it not better
for me to seek aid and get relief by writing to
one man whom I have confidence, with whom
my secret is safe, and whose aid and counsel
will cause my life hereafter to be happy, making
me say with the proverb—"Rejoice, O, Young
Man, in thy youth."

"Look then into thy heart and write,"
for hundreds have written to me when it
has been too late, and who, in place of having
"Children like olive-branches round about their
table," have their homes desolate, and feel it a
reproach upon their manhood to live.

"Look then into thy heart and write," and
remember that "As thy days, so shall thy
strength be," and that by writing down your
case, no eyes but my own see it, that relief men-
tally and physically can be given to you and
that in place of sinking into a dishonored and
premature death, you can feel that, in the words
of Wordsworth—"An old age serene and bright,
and lovely as a Lapland night, shall lead thee to
thy grave."

LOUIS L. SMITH.

NERVOUSNESS,
DEBILITY,

LOSS OF POWER,

INDISCRETIONS OF EARLY YOUTH,
&c.

In all the above cases, arising from errors
and the yielding to the passions, no time should
be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease.

Patent Medicines

DR L. L. SMITH,
(The only legally qualified medical man adver-
tising in these colonies)
182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE,
Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence
of the Governor.)
Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.

CONSULTATION FEE (by letter) . . . 1s 1d

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so
packed as to avoid observation.

Books written by Dr L. L. Smith,
Post free; postage stamps,
Means of Prolonging Life . . . 1s 9d
Medical Household Sketches, No. 1 . . . 3s 0d
Do do do No. 2 . . . 1s 9d
Weakness and Sterility . . . 3s 0d
Medical Almanac, 1875 . . . 6d

ALL CURES MADE EASY

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Ulcers, Sores, Bad Breasts, and
Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can re-
sist the healing properties of this excellent Oint-
ment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy
appearance whenever this medicament is applied;
a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the
wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is
arrested, and a complete and permanent cure
quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases are
with certainty cured by the sufferers them-
selves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and
closely attend to the printed instructions. It
should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring
parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed.
a poultice of bread and water may sometimes
be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most
scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If
those who read this paragraph will bring it under
the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it
may concern, they will render a service which
will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflamma-
tion and subduing pain in these complaints in the
same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and
purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they
drive all inflammation and depravities from the
system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the
joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and
uncontracted. A cure may always be effected
even under the worst circumstances, if the use
of these medicines be persevered in.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsy, Humps,
and all other Derangements of the
Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the
Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice
a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest,
so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced
into meat. This course will at once remove in-
flammation and ulceration. The worst cases
will yield to this treatment if the printed direc-
tions be followed.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the
Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's
purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double ac-
tion of purifying the blood and strengthening the
system renders them more suitable than any
other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous
nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, sto-
mach, and bowels, being much deranged, require
purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other
Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the ut-
most relief and speediest cure can be readily ob-
tained of all complaints affecting the skin and
joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment
and Pills. But it must be remembered that
most all skin diseases indicate depravity of the
blood and derangement of the liver and stomach;
consequently, in many cases, time is required to
purify the blood, which will be effected by a ju-
dicious use of the Pills. The general health will
readily be improved, although the eruption may
be driven out more freely than before; and this
should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes	Scurvy
and Sandflies	Sore Heads
Coco-bay	Tumours
Chicgo-foot	Ulcers
Chilblains	Wounds and Yaws
Fistulas	Cancers
Gout	Contracted and Stiff
Glandular Swellings	Joints
Lumbago	Elephantiasis
Piles	Chapped Hands
Rheumatism	Corns (soft)

There is a considerable saving by taking the
larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients
in every disorder are affixed to each box and
can be had in any language—even in Chinese.

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